



Date: 29-04-2025

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

Time: 01:00 PM - 04:00 PM

SECTION A – K1 (CO1)

Answer ALL the questions

(5 x 1 = 5)

1 Choose the best answer.

- a) Which of the following conditions, when violated, leads to the OLS estimator's variance being incorrectly estimated, potentially invalidating statistical inferences?
 - a) Linearity of the model.
 - b) Homoscedasticity of the error terms.
 - c) Zero conditional mean of the error terms.
 - d) The errors are normally distributed.
- b) In a qualitative response model, what does the estimated coefficient typically represent?
 - a) The change in the dependent variable for a one-unit change in the independent variable.
 - b) The change in the probability of the dependent variable occurring for a one-unit change in the independent variable.
 - c) The correlation between the independent and dependent variables.
 - d) The level of significance of the model.
- c) When choosing between a fixed effects and a random effects model in panel data analysis, which test is commonly used to help make the decision?
 - a) The t-test.
 - b) The F-test.
 - c) The Hausman test.
 - d) The chi-squared test.
- d) What is the primary problem that simultaneous equation methods aim to address?
 - a) Heteroscedasticity in the error terms.
 - b) Endogeneity of explanatory variables.
 - c) Multicollinearity among independent variables.
 - d) Autocorrelation in time-series data.
- e) What is the primary objective of "differencing" a time series?
 - a) To increase the variance of the series.
 - b) To remove seasonality from the series.
 - c) To make the time series stationary.
 - d) To create a trend within the time series.

SECTION A – K2 (CO1)

Answer ALL the questions

(5 x 1 = 5)

2 Define the following:

- a) Auto correlation.
- b) Inverse Mill ratio.
- c) Distributed Lag Model.
- d) Simultaneous Equation Bias.
- e) Correlogram.

SECTION B – K3 (CO2)

Answer any THREE of the following in 100 words each.

(3 x 10 = 30)

- 3
 - a. Explain the concept of ‘dummy variable trap’. (5 marks)
 - b. Prove that $\hat{\beta} = (D^T D)^{-1} D^T Y$, while doing seasonal adjustments using dummy variables. (5 marks).
- 4 Outline the Probit Model.
- 5 Elaborate the Random Effect Model by highlighting its assumptions.
- 6 Explain the concept of Simultaneous Equation Bias.
- 7 Briefly explain the concept of Simultaneous Equation Bias. Explain the following:
 - a. Fixed Effect W-G Estimator. (5 marks)
 - b. Fixed Effect First -Differencing Method. (5 marks)

SECTION C – K4 (CO3)

Answer any TWO of the following in 200 words each.

(2 x 12.5 = 25)

- 8 Prove that in the presence of Heteroscedasticity GLS estimator has better efficiency.
- 9 Consider the following data:

Y:	6	7	9	10	10	10	11	11	12	14
X:	4	8	6	8	9	11	7	7	10	10

 - a. Estimate the function: $Y_i = \beta_1 + \beta_2 X_i + U_i$. (3 marks)
 - b. Calculate the variance and standard errors of the estimators. (4 marks)
 - c. Test the significance of the regression coefficient at 5 percent level. (3.5 marks)
[hint: $t_{\alpha=0.025, 8 d:f} = 2.306$].
 - d. Interpret the results. (2 marks)
- 10 Derive the Indirect Least Squares.
- 11 Explain the following:
 - a. Stochastic Process.
 - b. Random Walk with and without Drift.
 - c. Trend Stationary and Difference Stationary.
 - d. Unit-root Stochastic Process.

SECTION D – K5 (CO4)

Answer any ONE of the following in 500 words

(1 x 15 = 15)

- 12 Examine in detail the Logit Model using suitable equations and diagram.
- 13 Elucidate the Fixed Effect model using Least Square Dummy Variable approach.

SECTION E – K6 (CO5)

Answer any ONE of the following in 1000 words

(1 x 20 = 20)

- 14 Given a General Linear Model, $Y = X\beta + U$, show that $\hat{\beta} = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T Y$. Prove that the OLS estimator satisfies BLUE.
- 15 Discuss the identifiability state of the following model using both structural and reduced forms:

$$y_1 = 4y_2 - 3x_1 + u_1.$$

$$y_2 = 2y_3 + 2x_3 + u_2.$$

$$y_3 = 2y_1 - 3y_2 - x_2 - x_3 + u_3.$$